Amdo Tibetan Folk Song #9 (QGO1)

Written Poetic Text	English Translation	Chinese Translation
<u> न्गुट है अ मुक्अ मुर्खेना नेट नेट्रा</u>	The sun is the main heart of the sky.	太阳是天空的轴心 也是大地的父母
क्र्रियह्मसुमीटमिसम्प्रेट्रा।	It is the parent of the world. In the cold winter, give thanks to the sun for its warmth.	寒冷的冬天得到温暖 是太阳的恩赐
<u> न्गुक् क्ष्म्ययम्य सम्बद्धः क्षेत्रः देव</u> ॥	The long river is	大河是大地的轴心
हु हेर में सपी र्सेन मैट ने द्वा	the main heart of the land. It is the parent of the irrigated field. In the hot summer, the dry earth	也是百万田地的父母 寒热的夏季未受干旱
ब्रेट-कु:सन् य ुक्षेयःसन्देशा	gives thanks to the river.	是水的恩赐
र्चैरःक्.चब.भ.भभःक्. कु.चु.चेपी	The Elders* are the main heart of the village.	长辈们是村民的主人 也是百万子孙的主人
र्राष्ट्रासुः श्रेष्ट्रीयाः मेटः रेत्।	They are the nurturer of all children. When fierce words are not heard, it is thanks to the Uncles.	未受人欺负 是祖父的恩赐
ब्रद्धाः संस्कृषे यद्गार्थे सेद्रा	* In different regions अन्त can mean Elder,	* In different regions
मानुसायस्य संस्थानी स्थालिय द्वीता।	Uncle, or Grandfather. In Gonghe, this word means father's brother.	is translated 长辈们,叔 父or祖父.

Actual Song Text As Performed

ळॅथे प्रत्या से प्रत्

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Transcription Notes:

1. Musical transcription is not exact. It is a close approximation of the recorded song.

2. The written transcription is based upon the introduction and pitches in the <u>first</u> melodic line in the recorded song. Rhythms in the first melodic line and following melodic lines vary slightly, so the most commonly used rhythmic patterns are notated.

3. The song begins with an introduction, followed by a repeated melodic phrase (which includes three lines of text and the singer's own phrase of text), concluding with the same melodic phrase with the singer's own line of text.

4. In the recording, the opening pitch for the verses gradually rises from a pitch of B to C to C#. The concluding melodic phrase begins on a C#.

Basic Musical Analysis:

- 1. Tonal Center is E. Tonal Formula: 5 2 0 3 5 7 (9) 10 12 (13). Pentatonic Mode (blo gsal).

 Note: I have analyzed the beginning pitches as if they were one half step higher.
- 2. Phrasing is A BB BB BB B. Sub-phrases are A=ab1, B=b2b1.

